

Bachelor of Vocation (Mental Health Counselling) - 5th Sem.

(2221)

Paper-III : Basic Statistics**Time allowed: 3 hrs.****Max. Marks: 100****INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE CANDIDATES**

There are eight questions in total, divided into four sections. Candidates are required to attempt five questions, selecting at least one question from each section. The fifth question may be attempted from any section. Each question carries equal (20) marks. For questions comprising subparts, respective marks are mentioned. Table for Area Under Normal Probability Curve can be allowed.

Section-I

- I. What do you understand by the 'Statistics' (5 Marks), how would you differentiate descriptive and inferential statistics (10 Marks). What does the standard error of mean indicate about the 'significance of mean (5 Marks)?
- II. Describe Some applications and limitations of Statistics in Psychology.

Section-II

- III. Calculate the Mean and Quartile Deviation of the following data.

Score range	51-55	56-60	61-65	66-70	71-75	76-80	81-85	86-90	91-95
Frequency	2	2	4	5	4	5	4	2	2

- IV. Write a short note on the following, along with their uses, merits and demerits (4x5=20 marks)
- (A) Median
(B) Mode
(C) Standard Deviation
(D) Average deviation

Section-III

- V. Calculate the correlation coefficient for the following data with an appropriate method

Scores on IQ test	110	112	94	120	105	109	80	100	105	104
Marks in Psychology	56	58	44	70	55	56	40	50	55	55

- VI. With the help of some hypothetical data, test the significance of the difference between means of two *correlated* sample.

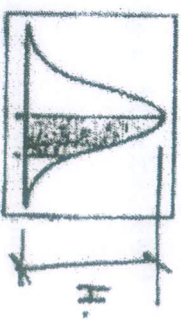
Section-IV

- VII. In a sample of 500 cases, the mean of a particular test is 20 and SD is 3. Assuming normality of the distribution find the followings
- (a) How many individuals score between 15 and 25?
(b) How many individuals score *Above* 27 and *Below* 14?
(c) What percentage of scores lie between 18 and 22?
(d) What limits will include the middle 80% of cases?
- VIII. Write a detailed note on the Chi-square test and its uses (10 Marks) and write the formulas used to calculate the Chi-square statistic in different conditions (5 Marks). How do we calculate independence values in 3X3 contingency table, use a hypothetical data and calculate it (5 Marks)?

Contd....P/2

Table 5 Areas of a Standard Normal Distribution

The table entries represent the area under the standard normal curve from 0 to the specified value of z.



z	.00	.01	.02	.03	.04	.05	.06	.07	.08	.09
0.0	.0000	.0040	.0080	.0120	.0160	.0199	.0239	.0279	.0319	.0359
0.1	.0398	.0438	.0478	.0517	.0557	.0596	.0636	.0675	.0714	.0753
0.2	.0793	.0832	.0871	.0910	.0948	.0987	.1026	.1064	.1103	.1141
0.3	.1179	.1217	.1255	.1293	.1331	.1368	.1406	.1443	.1480	.1517
0.4	.1554	.1591	.1628	.1664	.1700	.1736	.1772	.1808	.1844	.1879
0.5	.1915	.1950	.1985	.2019	.2054	.2088	.2123	.2157	.2190	.2224
0.6	.2257	.2291	.2324	.2357	.2389	.2422	.2454	.2486	.2517	.2549
0.7	.2580	.2611	.2642	.2673	.2704	.2734	.2764	.2794	.2823	.2852
0.8	.2881	.2910	.2939	.2967	.2995	.3023	.3051	.3078	.3106	.3133
0.9	.3159	.3186	.3212	.3238	.3264	.3289	.3315	.3340	.3365	.3389
1.0	.3413	.3438	.3461	.3485	.3508	.3531	.3554	.3577	.3599	.3621
1.1	.3643	.3665	.3686	.3708	.3729	.3749	.3770	.3790	.3810	.3830
1.2	.3849	.3869	.3888	.3907	.3925	.3944	.3962	.3980	.3997	.4015
1.3	.4032	.4049	.4066	.4082	.4099	.4115	.4131	.4147	.4162	.4177
1.4	.4192	.4207	.4222	.4236	.4251	.4265	.4279	.4292	.4306	.4319
1.5	.4332	.4345	.4357	.4370	.4382	.4394	.4406	.4418	.4429	.4441
1.6	.4452	.4463	.4474	.4484	.4495	.4505	.4515	.4525	.4535	.4545
1.7	.4554	.4564	.4573	.4582	.4591	.4599	.4608	.4616	.4625	.4633
1.8	.4641	.4649	.4656	.4664	.4671	.4678	.4686	.4693	.4699	.4706
1.9	.4713	.4719	.4726	.4732	.4738	.4744	.4750	.4756	.4761	.4767
2.0	.4772	.4778	.4783	.4788	.4793	.4798	.4803	.4808	.4812	.4817
2.1	.4821	.4826	.4830	.4834	.4838	.4842	.4846	.4850	.4854	.4857
2.2	.4861	.4864	.4868	.4871	.4875	.4878	.4881	.4884	.4887	.4890
2.3	.4893	.4896	.4898	.4901	.4904	.4906	.4909	.4911	.4913	.4916
2.4	.4918	.4920	.4922	.4925	.4927	.4929	.4931	.4932	.4934	.4936
2.5	.4938	.4940	.4941	.4943	.4945	.4946	.4948	.4949	.4951	.4952
2.6	.4953	.4955	.4956	.4957	.4959	.4960	.4961	.4962	.4963	.4964
2.7	.4965	.4966	.4967	.4968	.4969	.4970	.4971	.4972	.4973	.4974
2.8	.4974	.4975	.4976	.4977	.4977	.4978	.4979	.4979	.4980	.4981
2.9	.4981	.4982	.4982	.4983	.4984	.4984	.4985	.4985	.4986	.4986
3.0	.4987	.4987	.4987	.4988	.4988	.4989	.4989	.4989	.4990	.4990
3.1	.4990	.4991	.4991	.4991	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4992	.4993	.4993
3.2	.4993	.4993	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4994	.4995	.4995	.4995
3.3	.4995	.4995	.4995	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4996	.4997
3.4	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4997	.4998
3.5	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4998
3.6	.4998	.4998	.4998	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999	.4999
